Intercomparisons of RO electron density using Abel inversion and data assimilation

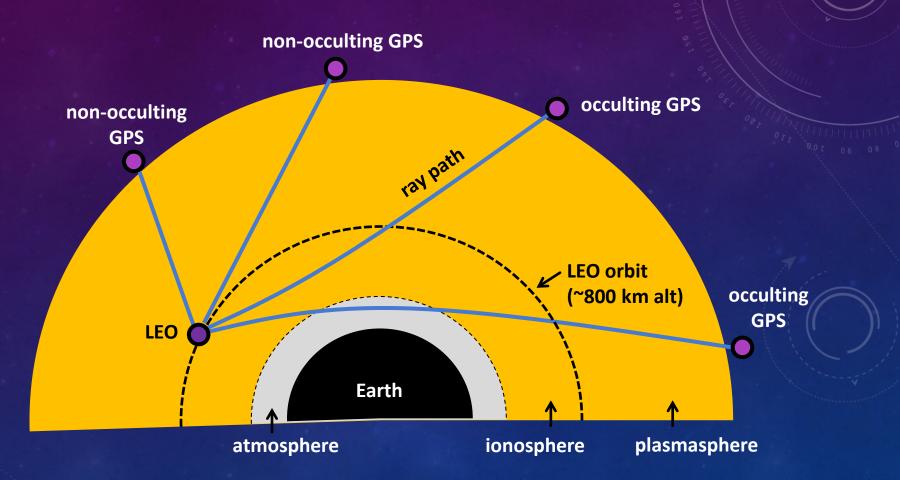
H. F. Tsai¹, M. Y. Chou¹, C. Y. Lin², I. T. Lee³, C. Lin¹, and J. Y. Liu^{2,4,5}

¹ Department of Earth Sciences, National Cheng Kung University, Tainan, Taiwan
² Institute of Space Science, National Central University, Taoyuan, Taiwan
³ Meteorology Research and Development Center, Central Weather Bureau, Taipei, Taiwan
⁴ Center for Space and Remote Sensing Research, National Central University, Taoyuan, Taiwan
⁵ National Space Organization, Hsinchu, Taiwan

Motivation

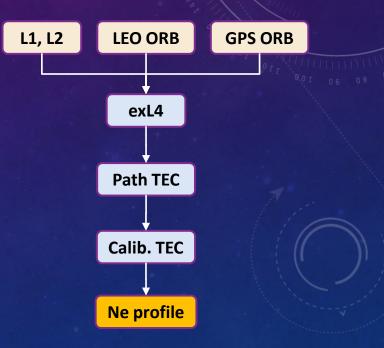
- Develop ionospheric RO data processing for FORMOSAT-7/COSMIC-2
- Evaluate the results from
 - Abel inversion with TEC (dual-frequency combination)
 - Abel inversion with bending angle (single frequency)
 - Data assimilation with the calibrated TEC into IRI model

GPS Occultation Experiment of FORMOSAT-3/COSMIC



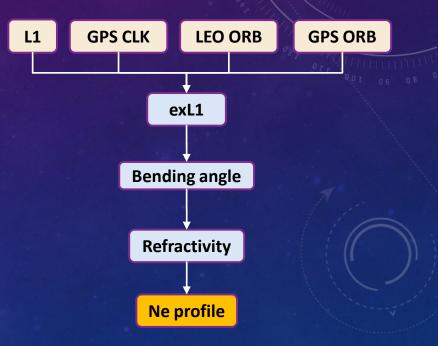
Dual-frequency data processing

- Based on Schreiner et al. (1999)
- Use FORMOSAT-3/COSMIC L1 and L2 phases as input
- Derive excess phase by dual-frequency difference (assuming no bending)
- Convert to path TEC
- Estimate the calibrated TEC by substracting non-RO TEC (assuming co-plane)
- Retrieve electron density profile by Abel inversion (assuming spherical symmetry)



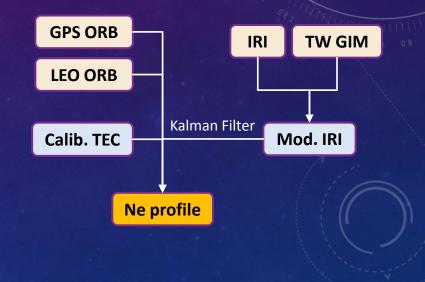
Single-frequency data processing

- Based on Tsai et al. (2002)
- Use FORMOSAT-3/COSMIC L1 phase as input
- Derive L1 excess phase from single difference
- Estimate bending angle based on GO
- Retrieve refractivity profile by Abel inversion (assuming spherical symmetry)
- Convert to electron density profile (use first-order Taylor expansion of Appleton formula)

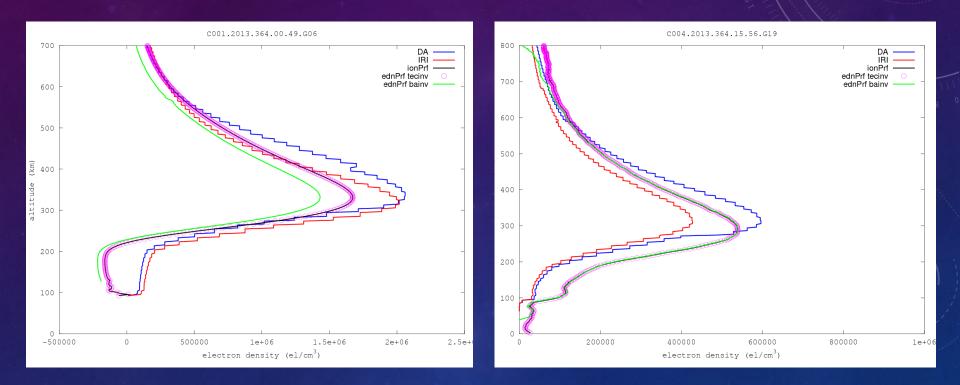


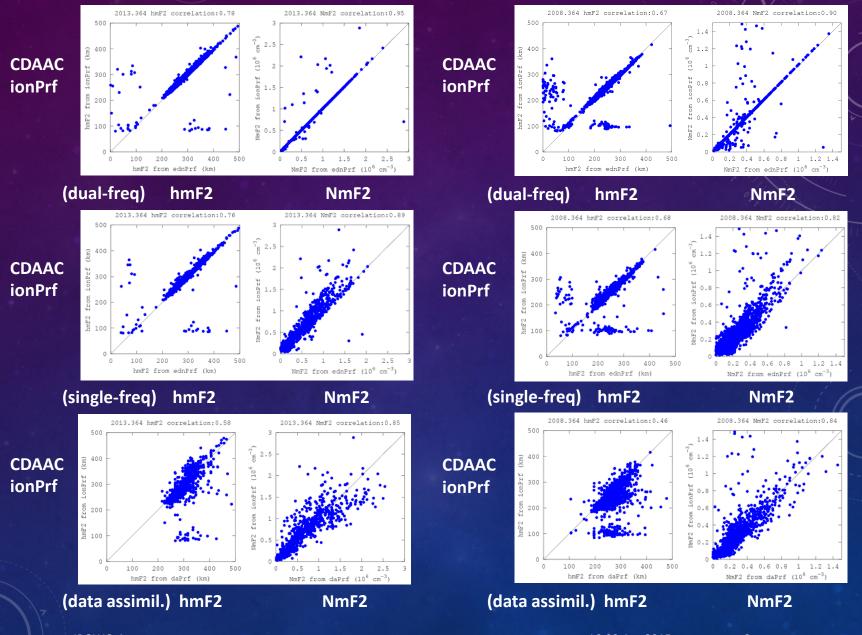
Data assimilation processing

- Based on Lin et al. (2015)
- Assimilate the calibrated TEC from FORMOSAT-3/COSMIC into IRI model (adjusted with TW GIM) based on Kalman filter (no forecast step; no symmetry assumption)
- Location-dependent model error covariance applied
- Data thinning applied on observation data
- Background error covariance is calculated from 62 IRI samples based on random IG (ionosphere global) index and sunspot number input



Electron density profiles from Abel inversion and data assimil.

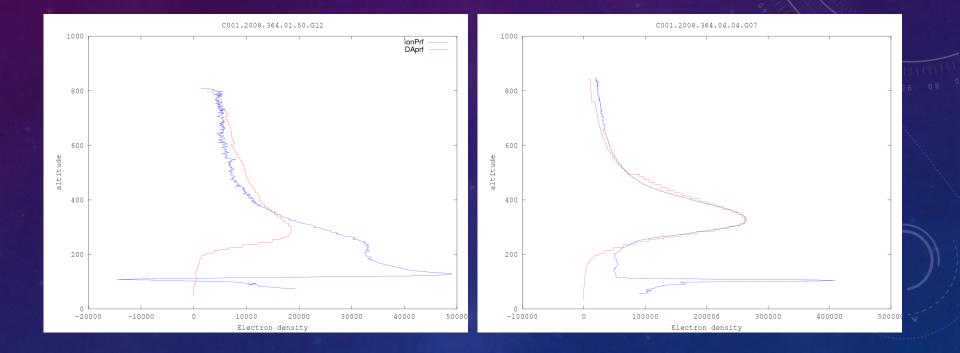




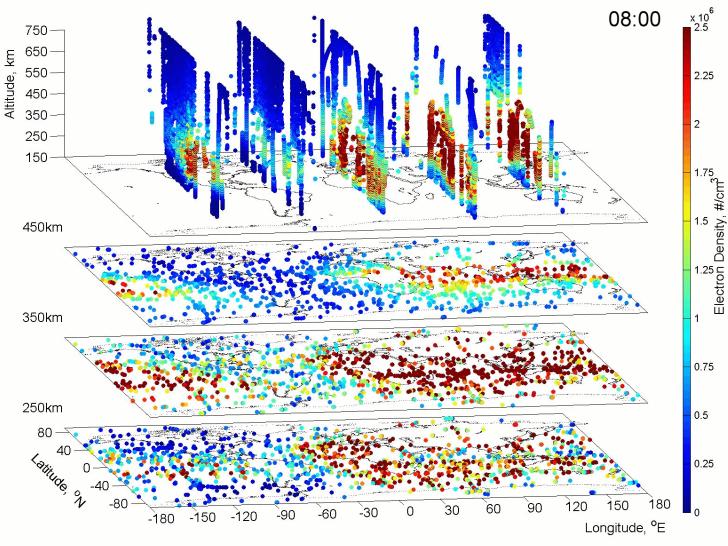
IROWG-4

8

Es layer or not?



Ionospheric structure based on FORMOSAT-7/COSMIC-2 OSSE



KOWG-

z Api 2015 ____

Summary

- Electron density profiles retrieved from Abel inversion with dualfrequency and single-frequency observables and from data assimilation are estimated
- In general, comparisons between them show high correlation for hmF2 and NmF2, respectively
- Es layers revealed in Abel inversion but not in data assimilation need to be further validated