

ATMOSPHERIC & SPACE TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH ASSOCIATES

SCIENCE + TECHNOLOGY + APPLICATIONS // Bringing it all together

Introduction to the lonosphere

- For atmospheric scientists
- Including ionospheric models as tools for the RO community

Dr. Geoff Crowley

Atmospheric & Space Technology Research Associates (ASTRA) LLC

210-834-3475 gcrowley@astraspace.net

ASTRA Overview

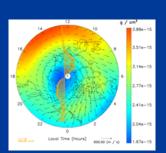
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Modeling

Physics-Based Modeling (TIMEGCM)

Real-Time
Specification
of
Ionosphere/
Thermosphere



Data Assimilation

High-latitude Electrodynamics (AMIE)

Global Ionosphere (IDA4D)

Thermospheric Neutral Density (ADAM)

Satellite Drag &
Ballistic
Coefficients

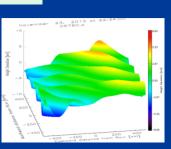
Data Services

Space Based Data

Ground Based Data

Forensic Space Weather Analysis

Space weather Phone Apps



Ground-based Instrument Development

GPS-based Space Weather Monitor

Ionospheric Wave Mapper

Low Power Ionospheric Sounder

Laser Systems

Space Systems

CubeSat Missions
NSF 'DICE' Cubesat

AF 'DIME' Cubesat

NASA 'SORTIE'

Plug-N-Play Avionics

CubeSat Instruments

Scanning UV Photometer

E-field Double Probe

Topside Sounder

Wind Profiler

GPS-based SpaceWeather Monitor

Satellite Aerodynamics

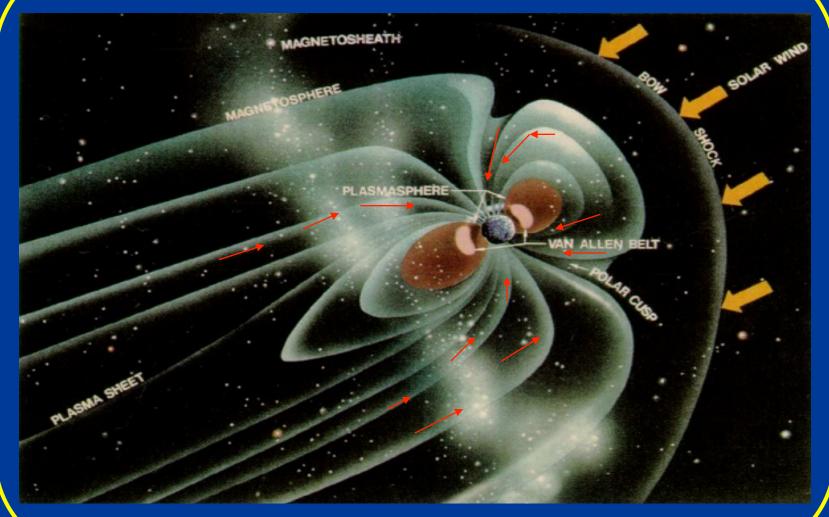


Outline

- What ionospheric features and tools have we seen this week that affect RO?
 "One man's noise is another man's data"
- Ionospheric background structure
 - ♦ Vertical and Horizontal Structures

 - **♦ Low, middle and high latitudes**
 - **♦ Time variation (daily, solar cycle)**
 - **♦** Geomagnetic storms and their effects
- Models
- Supporting instruments

What is Space Weather?







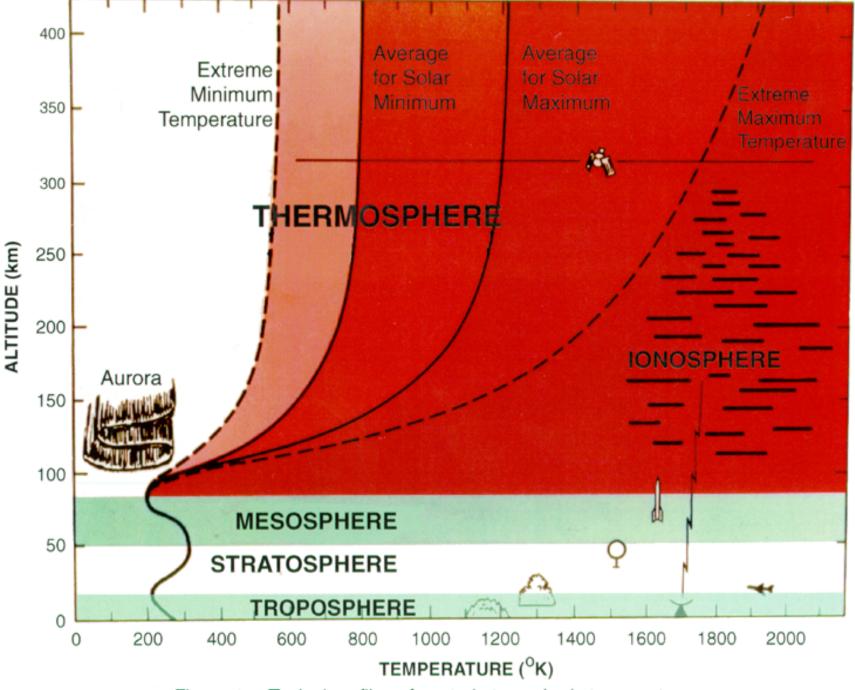


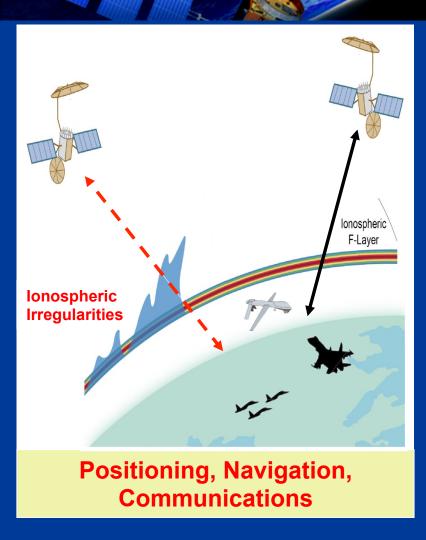
Figure 1c: Typical profiles of neutral atmospheric temperature

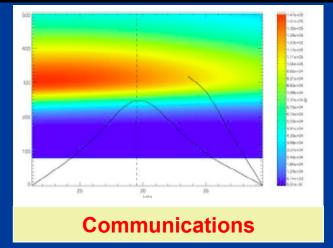
Who Cares About the Ionosphere?

TechnologyApplications

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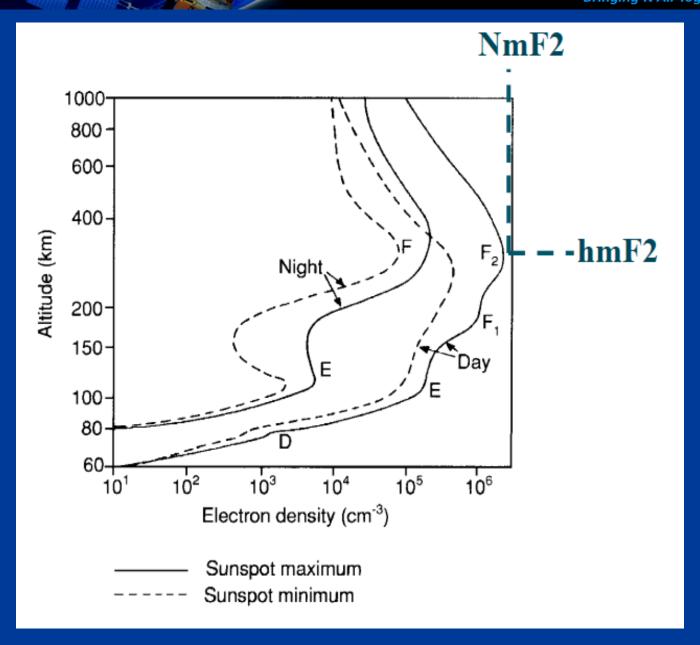


Science



Systems that depend on the ionosphere are affected by Space Weather



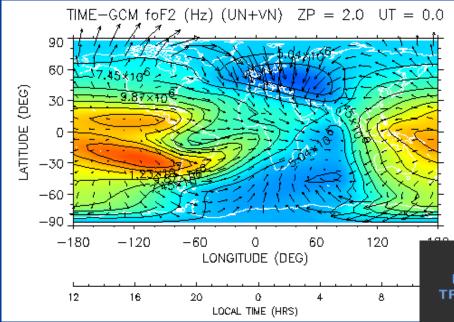


Horizontal Structure

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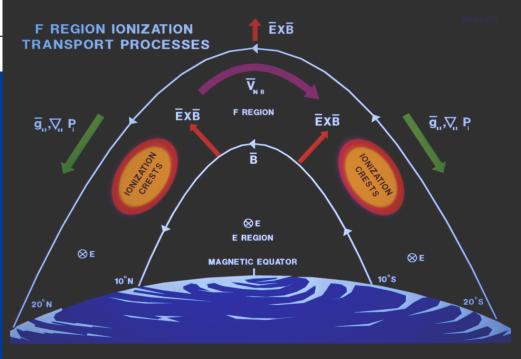




800 700 5,40 5,60 5,

DIP LATITUDE

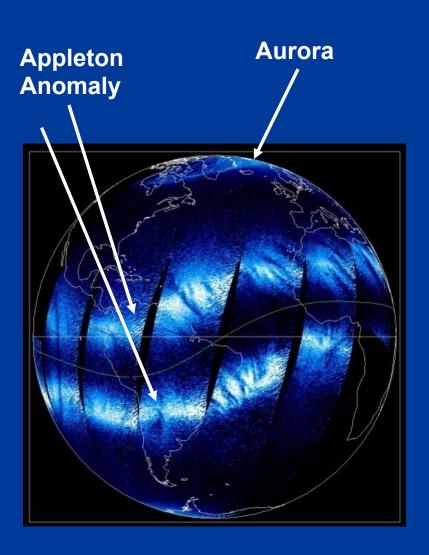
Equatorial Ionization Anomaly or Appleton Anomaly (Fountain Effect)

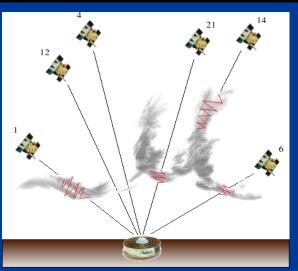


Horizontal Structure

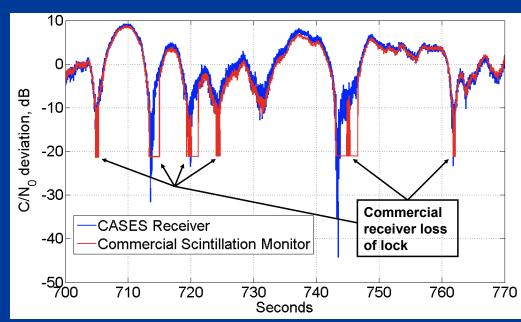
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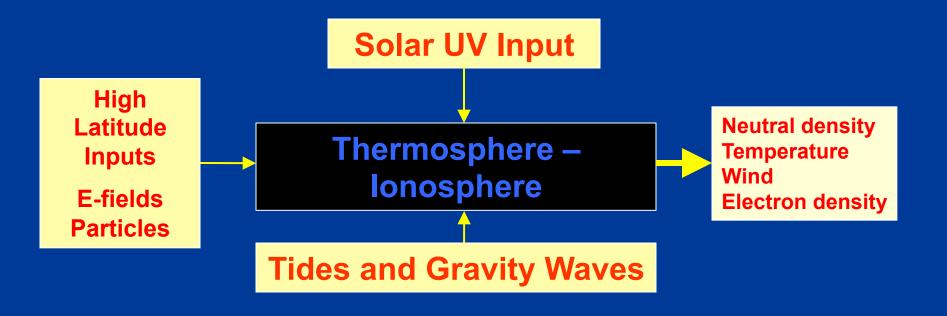


Scintillation effects on GPS



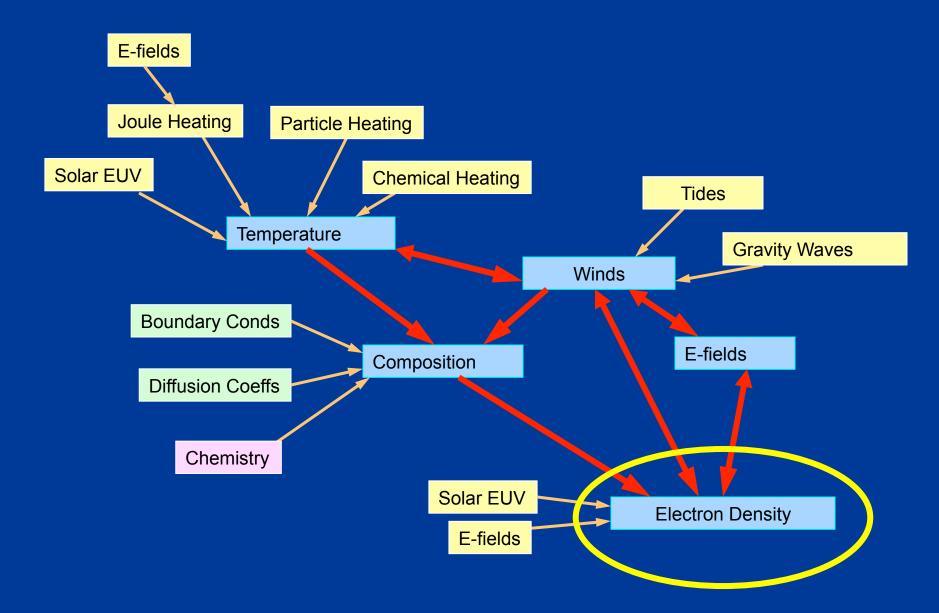


Important Inputs to the Thermosphere – Ionosphere System



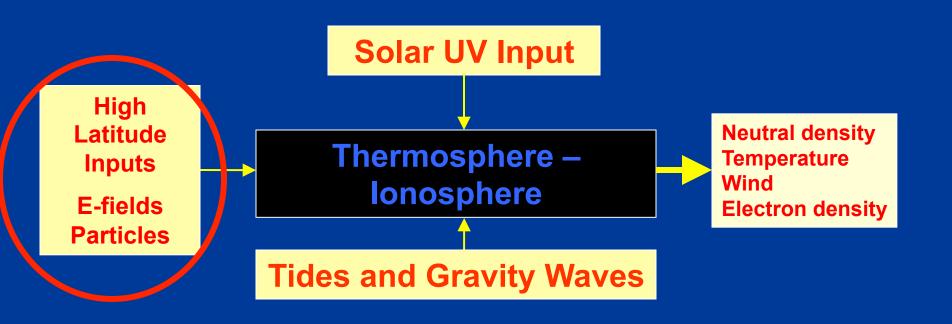


Simplified Physics of Upper Atmospherelications Bringing It All Together



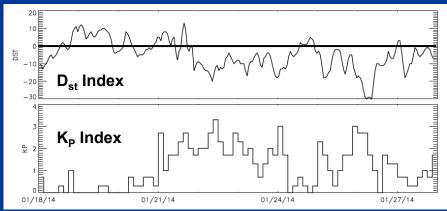


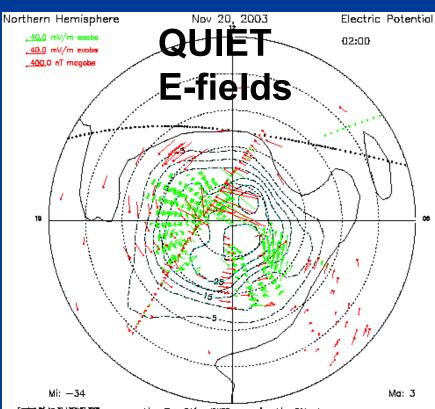
Important Inputs to the Thermosphere – Ionosphere System



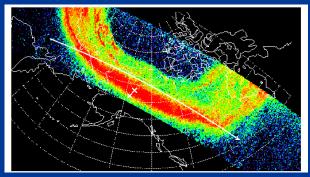
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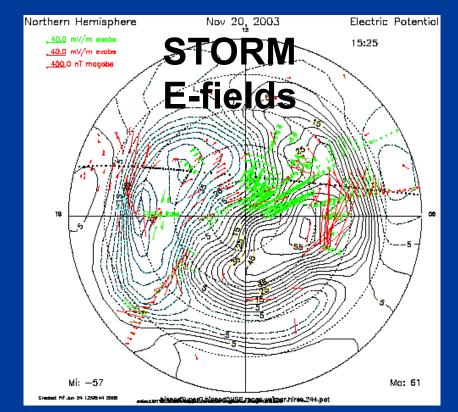






Enhanced particle input



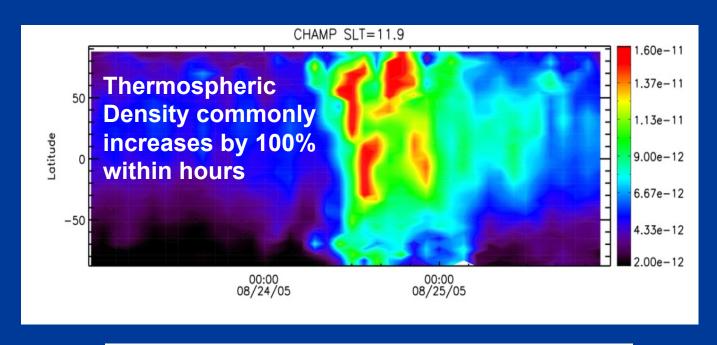


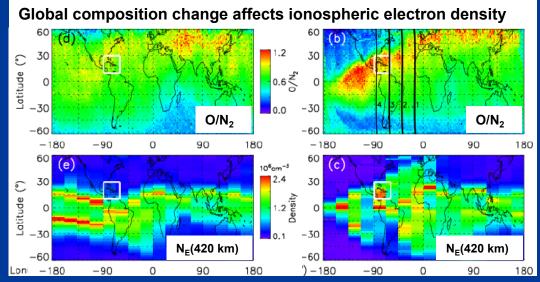
Geomagnetic storm

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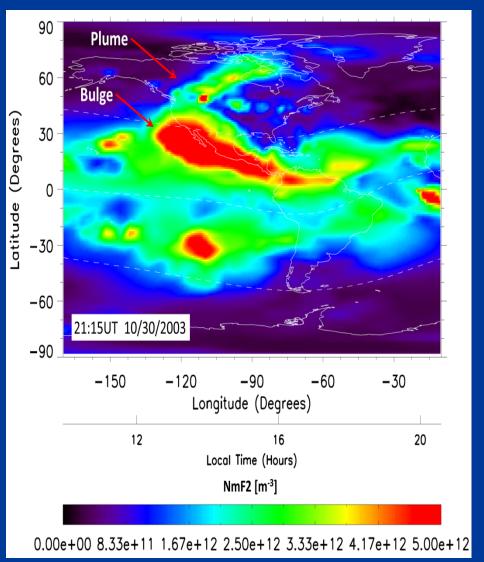


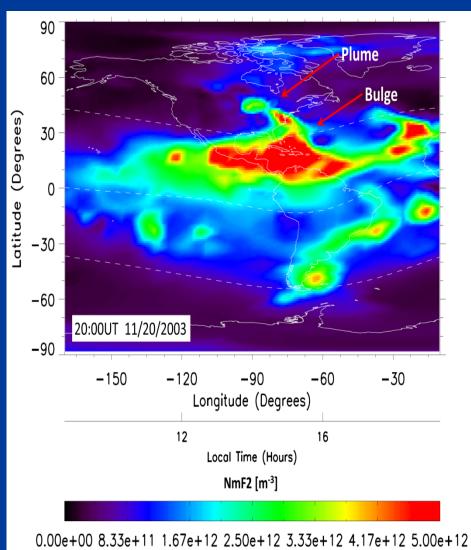


Mid-latitude Ionospheric Structure * Applications

ASTRA

- Storm Enhanced Density (SED) 250 TEC units
- ASTRA's Ionospheric Data Assimilation Algorithm (IDA-4D)
- Effect: FAA's WAAS System not usable



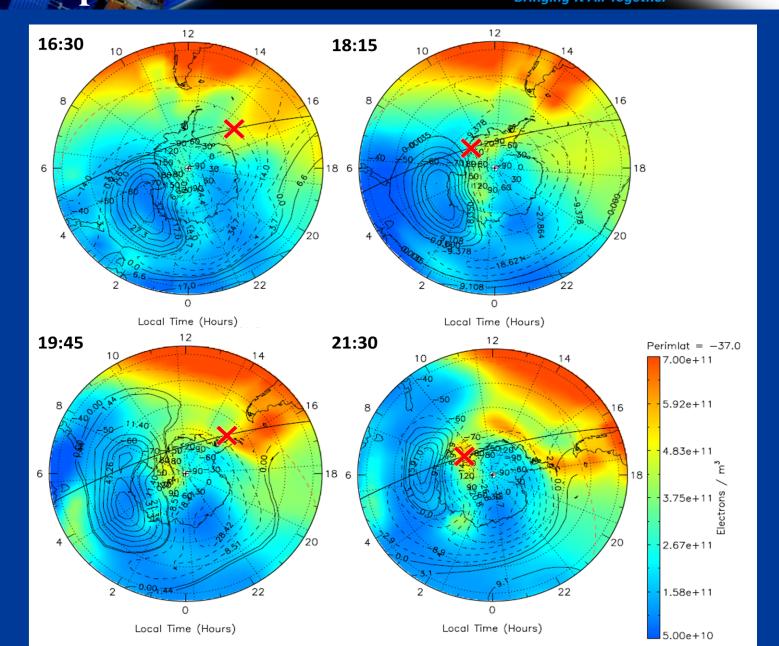


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Tongue of Ionization & Polar Cap Patches

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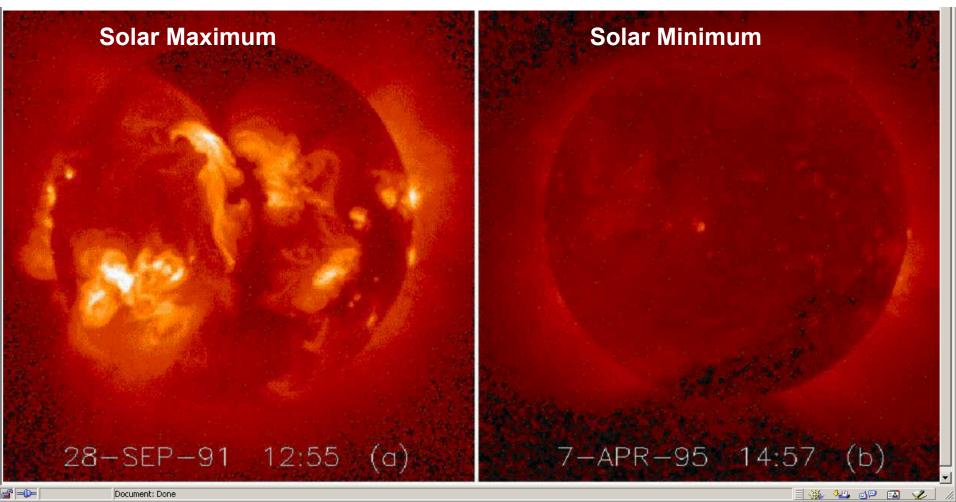


Science Technology Applications Bringing It All Together

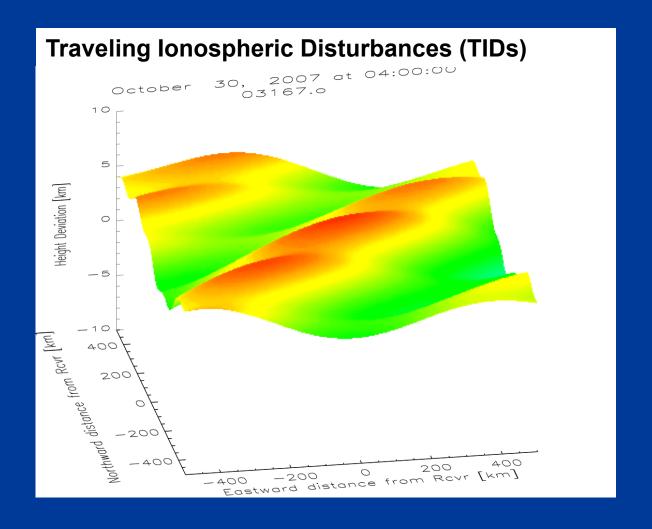


11 year solar cycle

27 day solar rotation

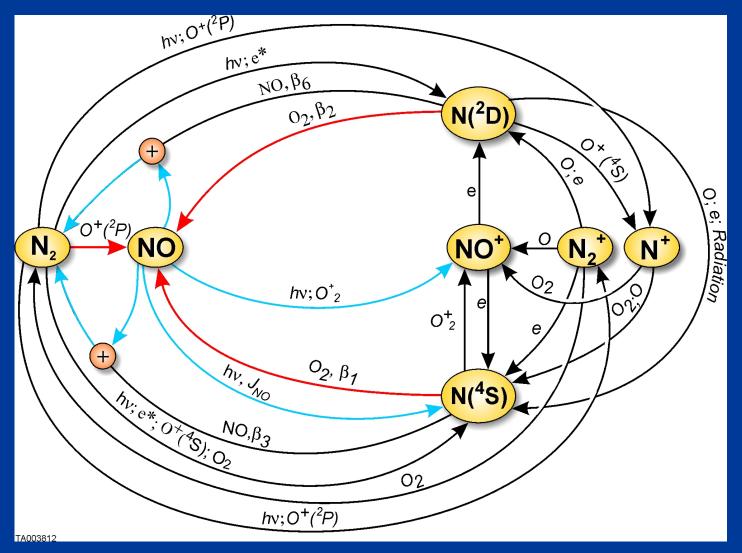




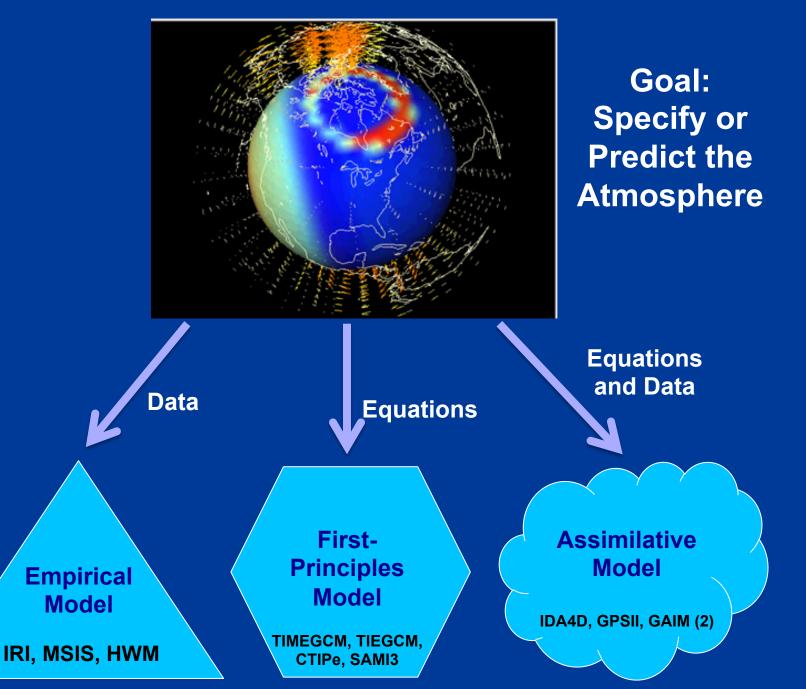


ASTRA "TIDDBIT" TID MAPPER

Nitrogen Chemistry (Simplified for This Talk)



Each species equation includes horizontal and vertical advection, photochemical production and loss, and vertical molecular and eddy diffusion.



But Why Do We Need So Many Models?



Super-Ensemble Approach

Technology
 Applications
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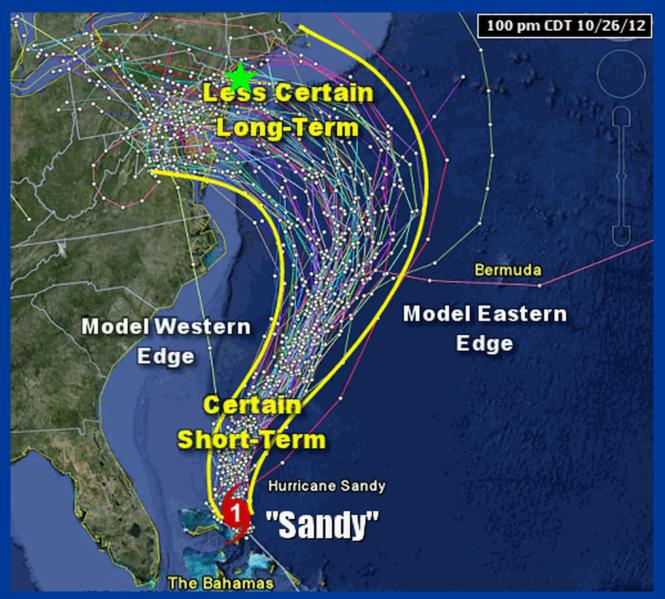


Image credit: TerraMetrics, Google

Science

Super-Ensemble Approach



HIGH LATITUDE FORCING

SOLAR FORCING

SUPER-ENSEMBLE OF FULL-PHYSICS MODELS (TIMEGCM, TIEGCM, CTIPe) (ASTRA/NCAR/CIRES/NOAA)

LOWER BOUNDARY FORCING

NOWCAST AND FORECAST OUTPUT PROCESSING, VALIDATION

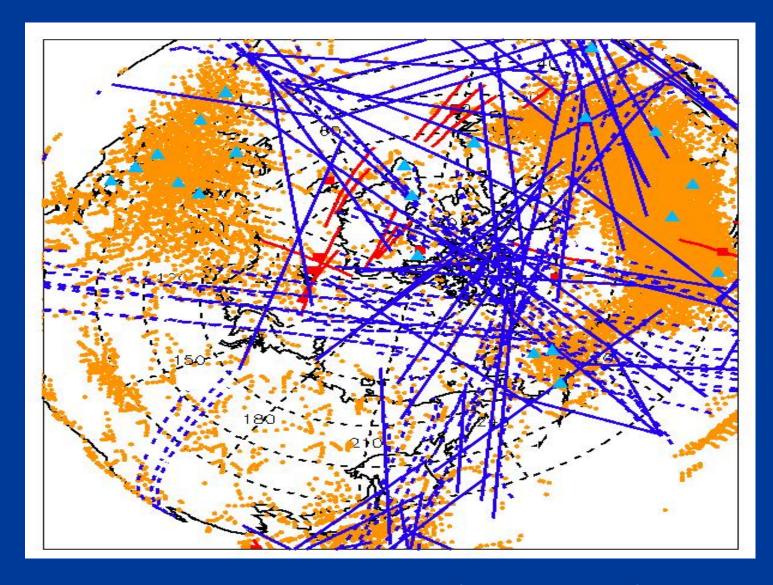
Modeler Stays Busy While Computer Runs GCM



Other lonospheric Instruments

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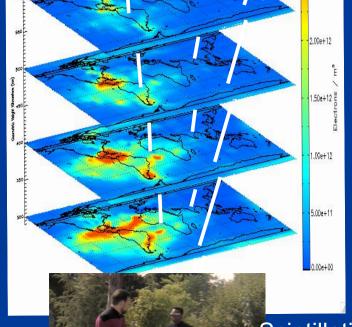
lonospheric data are available from a number of instruments

Groundbased TEC/Scintillathein It All Together

Science

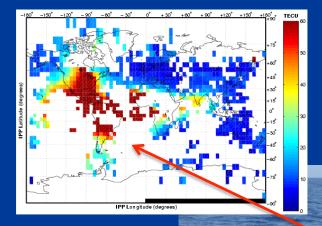








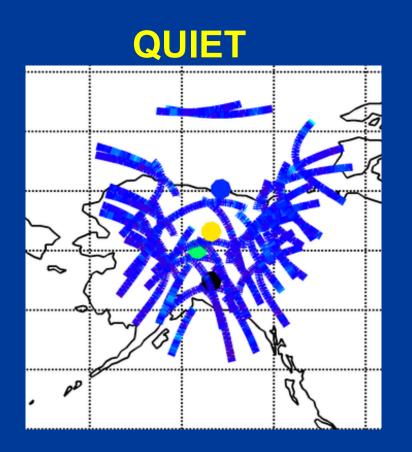
ASTRA builds GPS scintillation and TEC monitors for rugged environments including oceans and Arctic/Antarctica.

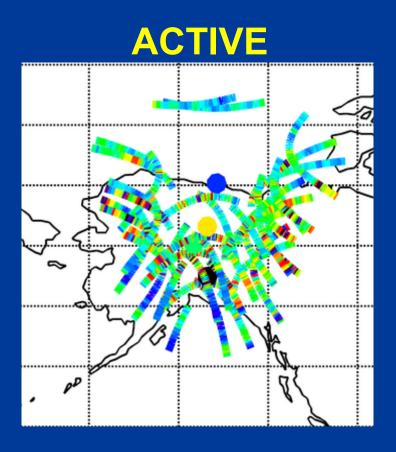


Scintillation can disrupt satellite-based navigation and communications systems

ASTRA'S GPS Monitoring Network's Applications Bringing It All Together





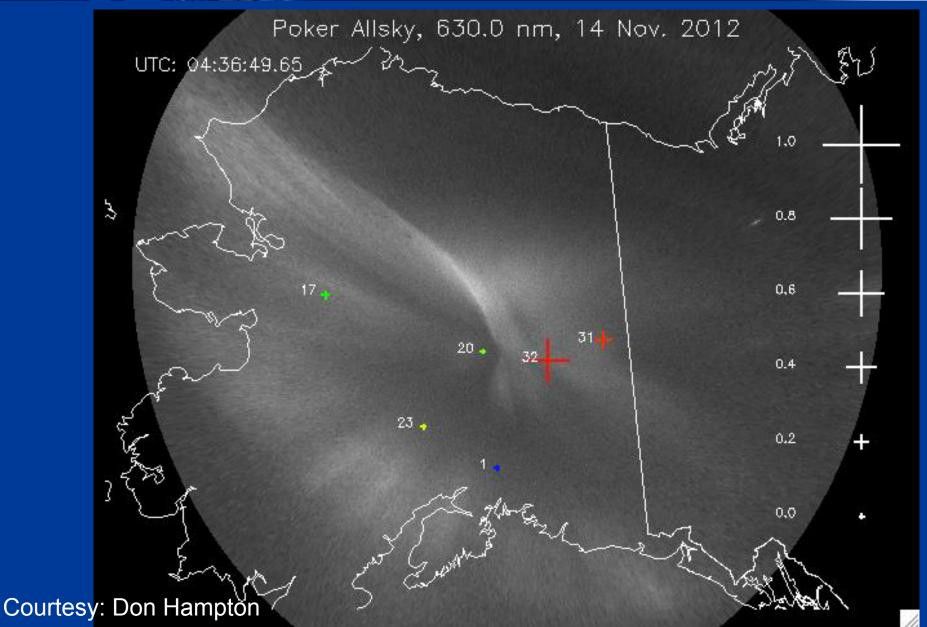


Alaskan scintillation monitoring service in realtime http://astraspace.net/news-2/cases-alaska/

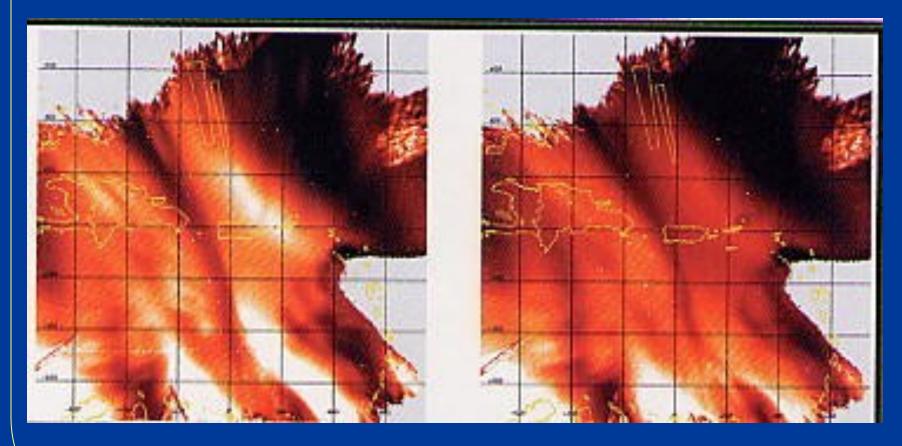
❖ Technology

Ground-based All-Sky Images of Attinging it All Together





Ground-based All-Sky Images of Midlatitude TIDs and Irregularities



Kelly, et al. "Caribbean Ionosphere Campaign, Year One: Airglow and plasma observations during two intense mid-latitude spread-*F* events." *Geo. Res. Let.* 27 2825-2828

❖Science
❖ Technology

Applications

Bringing It All Together





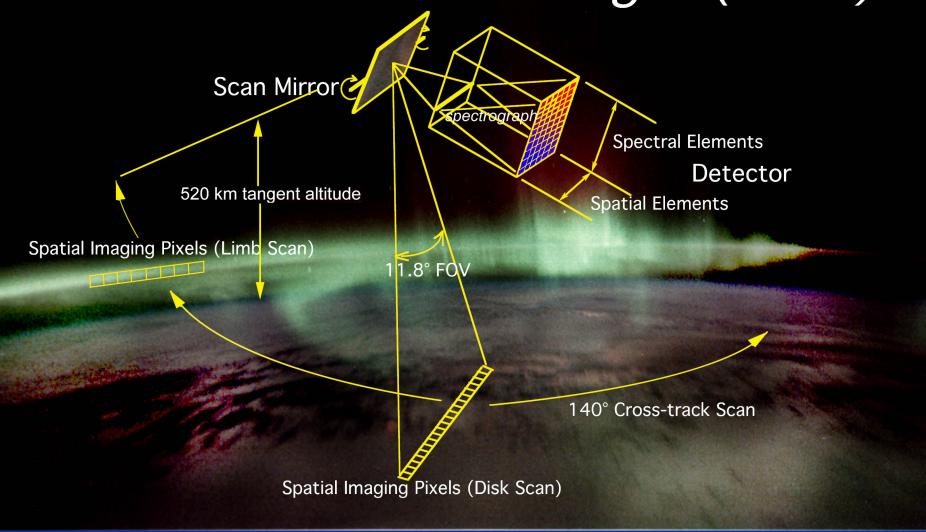
AMISR at Resolute Bay, Canada

Other ISR Facilities include:
Poker Flat (PFISR)
Millstone Hill
Arecibo
Jicamarca
EISCAT

Sondrestrom Research Facility



Global Ultraviolet Imager (GUVI)



Scan operation of the GUVI instrument on TIMED. The slit dimension is along the satellite track and is subdivided into 14 pixels. The cross-track scan is initiated every 15 s.

DICE Cubesat:

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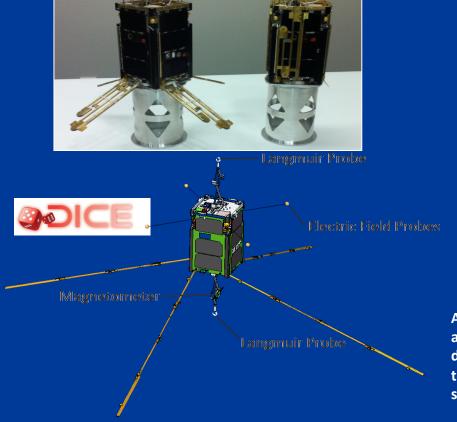
❖ Applications

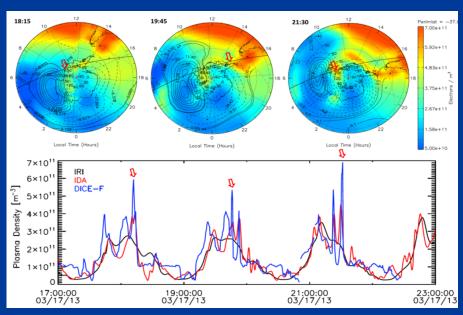
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ASTRA

Dynamic Ionosphere Cubesat Experiment

- Objectives:
 - Characterization of Storm Enhanced Densities (SEDs) in the ionosphere,
 - Detection of Field Aligned Currents (FACs) at high latitudes.
- Funded by NSF
- ASTRA was the PI institution
- Team members: Space Dynamics Laboratory, USU, Embry-Riddle, and Clemson
- Both DICE satellites were deployed into the same orbit in October 2011.





Above: DICE plasma density observations compared with IDA4D assimilation of the south polar ionosphere. Note that the enhanced densities observed by DICE (red arrows in the bottom plot) correspond to when the DICE satellite passes through a tongue of ionization during successive passes (red arrows).

SORTIE: Scintillation Observations and

Response of The Ionosphere to Electrodynamics

Applications

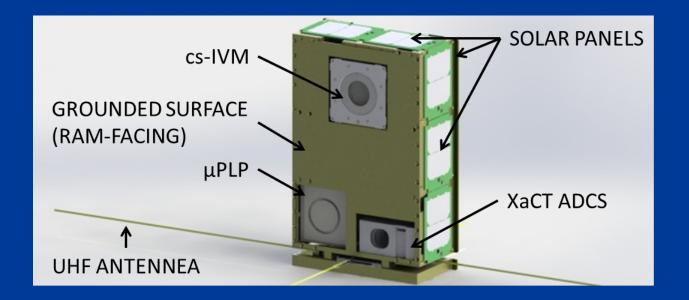
Technology





Objectives:

- Describe the distribution of wave-like structures in the plasma density of the ionospheric F-region and to connect these variations to wave sources in the troposphere and in the high latitude thermosphere
- Construct an atlas of ionospheric variability
- Collect data over the course of 6 months
- Funded by NASA (HTIDeS)
- ASTRA is the PI institution
- Team members: COSMIAC, AFRL, University of Texas at Dallas and Boston College
- Will weigh just 5kg and be no larger than a cereal box
- Includes miniature Ion Velocity Meter (mini-IVM) built by The University of Texas at Dallas
- Includes a micro Planar Langmuir Probe (μPLP) built by the Air Force Research Laboratory





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 - ♦ Time variation (daily, solar cycle)
 - **♦** Geomagnetic storms
- Models
- Supporting instruments

You are now all ionospheric experts!